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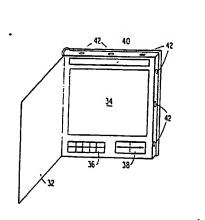
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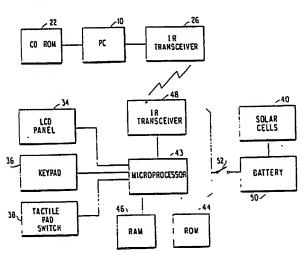
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(54) Title: MICROPROCESSOR BASED SIMULATED BOOK





(57) Abstract

A user interactive mass storage data access system includes a personal computer (10) and a simulated book (30). A mass storage device, such as a compact disk (CD) read only memory (ROM) (22), is connected to the personal computer, and the computer and the simulated book are connected by an infrared (IR) data communications link including IR transceivers (26, 48). The simulated book includes a display screen (34) and a microprocessor (43) with memory (44, 46). The microprocessor is programmed for storing data received and decoded by its IR transceiver (48) in memory (46) and responsive to user input for displaying a page of data on the display screen. In addition, the microprocessor is programmed to cause its IR transceiver (48) to transmit to the IR transceiver (26) connected to the personal computer (10) a data request command, and the personal computer is in turn programmed to transmit data from the CD ROM (22) to the simulated book (30). Data can be loaded in the simulated book and accessed at a later time when out of the proximity of the personal computer.

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MICROPROCESSOR BASED SIMULATED BOOK

DESCRIPTION

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention generally relates to portable electronic video display devices and, more particulary, to a hand held, microprocessor based device which, when used in conjunction with a personal computer (PC) having a peripherially connected mass storage device, such as a compact disc (CD) read only memory (ROM) device, simulates a book.

Description of the Prior Art

Compact disc technology has gained wide acceptance in the art of digital audio recording 15 and reporduction. More recently, compact discs have been used to store large quantities of digital data for access by personal computers. compact disc, for example, has the capacity to store a complete encyclopedia. Currently, there is 20 avaliable on the market compact disc drives for connection to personal computers and the software for the control of the disc drives that make possible the very rapid random access of the data stored on a compact disc. One application on the 25 market is a so-called desk set of reference books including a dictionary, thesaurus, and style manual recorded on compact disc for use as a writer's aid.

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Chemical Abstracts, are avialable on compact disc In addition, a number of data bases, including

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Only in this way will the true potential of this

than library, archival and office applications.

of a book or magazine are digitally encoded onto a

discloses an electronic book wherein the contents

graphic scenes while interacting with a doll that

A student reads visual information and for teaching cardio-pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) . 4,360,345, Hon discloses a health education system

different rates or that several shoppers can be system is that several students can be taught at

command response unit that includes a liquid

retrieval system that utilizes a video disc and discloses an automated instruction game and For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,490,810 to Hon visual educational systems which use video discs.

Known in the prior art are various audio/

served by a single video disc at the same time.

In an earlier patent, U.S. Patent No.

student to perform the action properly.

has multiple sensors.

crystal display (LCD).

technology be realized.

disc player.

Patent No. 4,159,417 to Rubincam

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One feature of the Hon

The Hon system includes a user

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make the use of the technology practical in more technology more user friendly and, in the process,

and use of CD ROMs, it is necessary to make the high. In order to broaden significantly the appeal limited, the cost of the technology will remain expensive, and as long as the applications remain

read only memories (ROMs) are both limited and The current applications for compact disc (CD) for off line searching using a personal computer.

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memory which is insertable in the book. The encoded information may then be displayed on the screen of the device. A similar disclosure may be found in U.S. Patent No. 4,639,225 to Washizuka which describes a portable audio/visual electronic apparatus with insertable memory units.

U.S. Patent No. 4,656,469 to Oliver et al. discloses an activated child's book or greeting card which is powered by solar cells. U.S. Patent No. 4,363,081 to Wilbur discloses examples of foldable, illuminated greeting cards wherein light emitting diodes (LEDs) are positioned on a printed circuit board to illuminate a message when the card is opened. U.S. Patent No. 4,589,659 to Yokoi et al. shows a foldable LCD used for electronic game devices.

U.S. Patent No. 4,302,193 to Haynes discloses a reading tutor device which coordinates the reading of textual material with an audio presentation. U.S. Patent No. 4,359,222 to Smith et al. discloses a hand held electronic game playing device with replaceable cartridges and user operated switches which allow games to be played. U.S. Patent No. 4,555,859 to Corso discloses a viewer for displaying information recorded on printed tape.

While the foregoing prior art generally describe various portable and/or educational type devices, some of which incorporate pluggable memory devices, none addresses the problem of providing a user friendly interface for the access of the very large databases potentially available on CD ROMs.

personal computer (PC) having a peripherally connected mass storage device, such as a CD ROM. The PC is in turn equipped with an IR transceiver, and the arrangement is such that a user of the

diodes and photocells to allow the device to accommunicate, without wires or cables, with a personal computer (PC) having a peripherally

its look and feel of a book, and a screen using, for example, LCD technology is used. The device is battery powered, and the battery may be rechargeable by means of a conventional recharger and/or by solar cells positioned adjacent or even below the screen. About the periphery of the device are a plurality of infrared (IR) emitting device are a plurality of infrared (IR) emitting diodes and photocells to allow the device to

The device is microprocessor driven and has a device preferrably has some flexibility to enhance its look and feel of a book, and a screen using,

about the size and shape of a book is provided as the user interface for accessing a CD ROM database. The device simulates a book in look and feel and might, for example, be bound in leather or other book binding material and embossed with the user's application and end user. Because of its size, shape and feel, the device would be immediately shape and feel, the device would be immediately accepted by a very large number of people, and training on computers.

It is therefore an object of the present invention to provide the user of mass storage technology with the simplicity of the look and feel of a book while allowing access to a very large database.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, a device

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device can be any where in a room and still have access to the data on the CD ROM via a limited number of switches on the device. The IR transmissions are omnidirectional, with radiation bouncing off the walls and ceiling of the room, so that the manner in which the device is held is not critical to the communications link. The switches on the device may be either soft or hard. meant by a "soft" switch is a displayable area on the screen which is a "touch" screen. In contrast, a hard switch would comprise a keypad for entering a page number, and perhaps some commands, and a tactile pad switch which can be stroked with a thumb or finger in a direction which can be sensed by the switch. The tactile pad switch may be sensitive to four directions in a manner analogous to a track ball, and is used to turn pages forward or back and scroll up and down on a page. desirable to display a complete page on the screen, in which case scrolling up and down would not be required.

The device, or CD book as it is referred to hereinafter, provides the user with the look and feel of a book while allowing access to a very large database on a CD. This not only makes searching such a database more acceptable to many people, but it also provides an encouragement to younger people to read. The CD book can by used in multiple units for purposes of presentations at meetings or, with a PC provided with a multitasking/multiuser operating system, allow several users to simulataneously access different portions of the database simultaneously. book has several pages of memory so that it can be carried away from the PC, as for example on an

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system including the PC and CD book; Figure 3 is a block diagram of the overall the cover open;

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2B is a pictorial illustration of the CD book with CD pook with an optional cover closed, and Figure

Figure 2A is a pictorial illustration of the and an IR transceiver;

personal computer having attached to it a CD ROM 52 Figure 1 is a pictorial illustration of a

reference to the drawings, in which: of a preferred embodiment of the invention with understood from the following detailed description advantages of the invention will be better

The foregoing and other objects, aspects and

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

storage technologies not yet developed. invention could easily be used with other mass art of mass storage is rapidly changing, and the those skilled in the art will appreciate that the the best mode of practicing the invention; but high density mass storage technology and represents technology is currently the most promising form of magnetic disks, magnetic tape or the like. CD mass storage media, including fixed or removable that the invention has application to any type of data bases on compact disks, it will be understood in terms of a CD book which allows access to large While the invention is particularly described

graphics as well as text could be displayed. and bit mapped displays are supported so that can be displayed for later reading. Both character airplane, and the pages, about twenty in number,

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Figure 4 is a flow diagram of the program for the PC; and

Figure 5 is a flow diagram of the program for the CD book.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT OF THE INVENTION

In the drawings, like reference numerals in the several drawing figures refer to the same Referring now to the devices or components. drawings, and more particularly to Figure 1, there is shown a personal computer 10 comprising a system unit 12, a keyboard 14 and a monitor or display 16. Personal computers of this type are of the socalled open architecture whereby various adapter cards can be inserted in the system unit 12 to support various functions. For example, the system unit shown has within its housing a floppy diskette drive 18 and a fixed are hard disk drive 20. These two drives are used to store program code and data on magnetic media and they are connected to adapter cards (not shown) that interface the drives to the system board (also not shown) in a manner which is now well known in the art.

Connected to the personal computer 10 is a CD. ROM drive 22 which accesses data on a CD 23 under control of PC 10. This drive may be of any compatible commercial manufacture and is also supported by an adapter card (not shown) which interfaces the CD ROM drive to the system board. Connection between the CD ROM drive 22 and its adapter card is via a cable 24 provided for that purpose. Also connected to computer 10 is an IR transceiver 26 which is connected to a serial port

The keypad 36 allows the user to input a desired page number for display. While only ten keys are illustrated in the basic embodiment, a twelve key keypad having # and * keys, much like a dual tone, multiple frequency (DTMF) telephone as interactive commands to the PC 10. The tactile pad switch 38 is sensitive to four directions of thumb or finger movement. A movement to the left is effective to turn the page of the book to the is effective to turn the page of the book to the is effective to turn the page of the book to the sensitive to four directions of the sensitive to four directions of the sensitive to the left is effective to turn the page of the book to the is effective to turn the page of the book to the sensitive to turn the page of the book to the sensitive to turn the page of the pook to the sensitive that t

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The transceiver 26 is specifically designed to communicate with a CD book as shown in Figures 2A and 2B. As shown in Figure 2A, the CD book 30 looks like an ordinary book. However, as shown in Figure 2B, when the cover 32 of the book is opened, there is revealed a display screen 34, a ten key keypad 36 and a tactile pad switch 38. Above the display screen 34 is a row of solar cells fen key keypad 36 and a tactile pad switch 38. Above the display screen 34 is a row of solar cells 50, and about the periphery of the book are a plurality of IR LEDs and photodiodes 42.

the present invention. are well understood in the art and form no part of protocols within the IR transceiver 26, but these IR transceiver 26 as well as encoding and decoding protocols between the personal computer 10 and the There are certain handshaking computer 10. received IR signals and output data to the personal transmit the data as IR signals and to decode 26 to encode data from the personal computer and The function of the IR transceiver receives data. input/output (I/O) port that both The serial port is an unit 12 via a cable 28. (RS232 or equivalent) of the system board in system

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 to turn a page of a conventional book. A movement to the right is effective to turn the page back one page. Movements up and down are effective to scroll the display up and down. These latter movements are required where the display screen 34 is not large enough to display a full page but only, for example, twenty-four or twenty-five lines.

What has been described is but one preferred embodiment using "hard" switches comprising the 10 keypad 36 and the tactile pad switch 38. While these switches represent a relatively small number of switches, it is generally believed that where possible switches and/or switch functions should be eliminated since switches generally tend to 15 intimidate the uninitiated user. The tactile switch 38 is specifically designed to provide a friendly user interface, but it might be improved simply by eliminating the need to scroll the display. Scrolling is, after all, alien to how a 2.0 book is normally read. This can be accomplished by simply displaying a single page, and here what constitutes a single page may be more a definition in software than how the data is arbitrarily stored in the mass storage device. The keypad 36 has 25 functions analogous to other keyed devices around the home, a telephone keypad being but one example, and therefore it should be familiar to most users. Nevertheless, a desirable alternative to the "hard" switches represented by the keypad 36 and the 30 tactile pad switch 38 are so-called "soft" switches. In this application, the implementation of "soft" switches requires a touch sensitive screen 34 wherein programmable areas of the screen may at different times represent different options 35

RAM for storing approximately twenty pages. The	32
user is stored in the RAM 46. There is sufficient	
data transmitted to the CD book for viewing by the	
microprocessor 43 is stored in the ROM 44, while	
random access memory (RAM) 46. The program for the	
supported by both read only memory (ROM) 44 and	30
The CD book comprises a microprocessor 43	
provides a wireless link to the CD book.	

Figure 3 shows the overall block diagram of the system including the personal computer 10 and the CD book 30. More specifically, the personal computer 10 is connected to the CD ROM drive 22 via an adapter as previously described. The personal computer is programmed to access data from the CD ROM drive in a manner well known in the art. The program may reside, for example, on the hard disk program may reside, for example, on the hard disk serial I/O port of the personal computer and serial I/O port of the personal computer and

The IR LEDs and photodiodes 42 are positioned so that the position and angle of the CD book 30 of signals to the transmission and reception at signals to the personal computer 10.

The display screen 34 may be an LCD screem and, in order to maximize the amount of light collected for recharging the interal battery, the solar cells 40 may actually be disposed beneath the transparent LCD and have an area comencerate with that of the screen 34.

which may be selected by the user. The implementation of such "soft" switches is a matter the use of "soft" switches, both the keypad 36 and the use of "soft" switches, both the keypad 36 and the use of "soft" switches, both the keypad 36 and the use of "soft" switches, both the keypad 36 and the use of "soft" switches, both the keypad 36 and the use of "soft" switches, both the art. By

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data in RAM 46 is received by an IR transceiver 48 and supplied to the microprocessor 43 which then writes the data into the RAM 46. The data in RAM 46 is volitile; that is, if the power is turned off, the data is lost. In addition, the operation of writing into RAM writes over old data so that the old data is lost.

The user input to the microprocessor 43 is provided by the keypad 36 and tactile pad switch 38 and, depending on the input, the microprocessor 43 will display a page by outputting data to the LCD panel 34. If the page requested is not currently in RAM 46, the microprocessor 43 causes the IR transceiver 48 to transmit a request to the personal computer 10 via the IR transceiver 26 to access the CD ROM drive 22 to retrieve the required data and transmit it to the CD book.

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The entire CD book 30 is powered by a battery battery 50 is, in the preferred 50. embodiment, recharged by the solar cells 40. course, the battery may be rechargeable by a separate recharger in lieu of or in addition to the solar cells 40. For example, the CD book 30 could be provided with an electrical recepticle which would conveniently mate with a recharger when the CD book is replaced on a book shelf. Obviously, it is not necessary for the practice of the invention for the battery 50 to be rechargeable, and it could simply be a replaceable battery. The battery 50 is shown connected to the circuitry of the CD book via a switch 52. This switch is merely illustrative and need not be a manually operated switch but may an electronic switch activated by the microprocessor 43 or a combination of a mechanical switch and an electronic switch. For example, the

Turning personal computer 10 and the CD book 30. spown in Figures 4 and 5, respectively, for the The programs which support these functions are

engaged in such activities.

advantages will be readily apparent to those follow the lecture with their own CD book. The sssempjed group, and each member of the group can Thus, a presenter or instructor can lecture an computer 10 can support a plurality of CD books 30. In this particular environment, a single personal in the environment of presentations and education. a single user, the invention has other advantages While the description thus far has focussed on

for reshelving.

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oberable when the CD book is positioned vertically utilized as, for example, a switch which is other implementations of the switch 52 can be It will be readily apparent that .anob YLizsa review a document while on an airplane, this can be the user is going on a business trip and wants to 10 for remote viewing of the data. For example, if book 30 from the proximity of the personal computer In this state, the user can remove the CD support other functions, thereby conserving battery

maintain the data stored in the RAM 46 but not be reduced to a level which is sufficient to to be saved. Power from the battery 50 would then indicate to the microprocessor 43 that the data is

twenty pages into RAM 46 for later viewing and In the latter case, the user could load reduced to a quiescent level when the cover is the power may be totally turned off or merely Then depending on the user input, the cover 32.

which is generated by the opening and closing of switch 52 may be an input to the microprocessor 43

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first to the personal computer program, there is shown in Figure 4 a flow diagram of the logic of the program from which a computer programmer of ordinary skill in the art can readily write source code in a computer language supported by the The process begins personal computer 10. function block 54 by the personal computer accessing the CD directory of the CD 23 in the CD The directory of the CD 23 is ROM drive 22. displayed on the monitor or display 16 with a 10 prompt for the user to make a selection of the portion of the CD 23 which is to be accessed. system presents a series of options to the user, the first of which shown in the flow diagram by decision block 56 is the option to end the session. 15 If that option is selected, the session ends; however, it will be assumed that the user makes another selection.

The next selection shown in decision block 58 is a selection from the displayed directory. There may be other selections, but for the purposes of this description it will be assumed that if a selection is not made from the directory, control of the process loops back to function block 54. Assuming that a selection has been made from the directory, the first page of the selection is displayed on the monitor or display 16, as indicated in function block 60.

The process thus far described is conventional in accessing and displaying data from a CD ROM on a personal computer, and there may be other functions supported in the basic system. Such other functions, however, form no part of the present invention. According to the invention, the system waits to determine if the user has requested that

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At this point, the RAM 46 in CD book 30 has function block 64. transmitted to the CD book 30, as indicated in from the section selected in the directory is the request is detected, the first twenty pages interrupt request from the IR transceiver 26. decision block 62 which monitors the appropriate This is determined by the test in or books 30. data from the CD ROM 22 be transmitted to a CD book

number request from the CD book 30 to the personal number will result in a transmission of a page The selection of a page forth between pages. selecting a page number and paging back and two actions which the user may take using the CD to the personal computer. Specifically, there are interaction with the book will cause transmissions computer 10 and the CD book 30, and user there remains the IR link between the personal HOWEVEL required with the personal computer 10. selection, and no further user interaction is been loaded with the first twenty pages of the

can page backward a limited number of pages as well preceding five pages, the user with the CD book 30

the CD book in function block 72, and control and the succeeding fifteen pages are transmitted to page number is in range, the preceding five pages

personal computer 10. On the other hand, if the to make a new selection or end the session at the returns to function block 54 necessitating the user panel is transmitted, in function block 70, control number requested is out of range. If it is, an end

made in decision block 68 to determine if the page block 66. When the request is received, a test is

This request is detected by decision

returns to decision block 66.

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as page forward. It will, of course, be understood that the number of pages transmitted will depend on whether those pages exist. For example, if there exist only twelve pages following the page number selected, then only those twelve pages are transmitted.

As mentioned, the user of the CD book 30 can specifically enter a page number or can page back and forth. If in paging through a selection, the user comes to the last page in RAM 46 and attempts to page to the next page, this is detected by the microprocessor program in the CD book 30 which then transmits a page number request for the next page to the personal computer 10. In other words, the personal computer 10 does not know if the page number request detected in decision block 66 is as a result of the user of the CD book 30 entering a specific page number on the keypad 36 or paging to the next page beyond that stored in memory using the tactile pad switch 38.

It is also possible to modify the program so that page number request is transmitted prior to the user reaching the last page currently stored in Consider, for example, a transmission RAM 46. which is initiated, say, five pages before the last page or even every page after a certain number of pages have been displayed. The choice is more a matter of practical implementation and would depend whether there is a perceptible delay transmitting data via the IR link and loading the This in turn is dependent on the baud RAM 46. rates at which the data can be transmitted and the speed of the microprocessor 43 and RAM 46. choice is, therefore, one of design and will vary from one implementation to another.

The transmission from the personal computer 10 is received in function block 80, and then, skipping to decision block 82, a series of tests are made to determine user input. The first test is in decision block 82 to determine if the user being that the user does not select to end the session. Assuming for the time being that the user does not select to end the session, the next test made in decision block 84 is to determine if the user selects a page number to determine if the user selects is made in decision block 86 is session, the keypad 36. If not, a test is made in using the keypad 36. If not, a test is made in the decision block 86 to determine if the user has

46 with the first twenty pages of the selection. ober the cover 32 of the CD book 30 to load the RAM the monitor 16 of the personal computer 10 and then make a selection from the CD directory displayed on other words, the user of the CD book 30 would first the personal computer 10 in function block 78. first twenty pages of a selection is transmitted to 76, and then a request for transmission of the and the RAM 46 are initialized in function block no pages in RAM 46, the microporcessor registers described in more detail hereinafter. If there are be set when pages in RAM 46 are saved, as will be accomplished by checking a memory flag that would This test is made in decision block 74 and is if there are any pages currently residing in RAM microprocessor 43 first makes a test to determine turned on, as by opening the cover 32, When the CD book 30 is initially in the CD book. in the assembly language of the microprocessor used programmer of ordinary skill to write source code the program in sufficient detail for This flow chart shows the logic in the CD book 30. flow chart for the program of the microprocessor 43 Turning now to Figure 5, there is shown the

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selected a preceding page. If not, a test is made in decision block 88 to determine if the user has selected a succeeding page. If not, control returns to decision block 82, and so on.

If any of the tests in decision blocks 84, 86 or 88 are positive, the next page number to be displayed is temporarily stored in a register in function block 90, and then a test is made in decision block 92 to determine if that page number is in RAM 46. If it is, the page is displayed in function block 94 and the page number is erased from the temporary register in function block 96 before control returns to decision block 82. the other hand, if the page is not in RAM 46, the page number in the temporary register transmitted to the personal computer as a page number request and a page flag is set in function The microprocessor 43 then waits for a predetermined period of time to receive a transmission from the personal computer, as determined by the test in decision block 98, and if no transmission is received within the time period as when the user is not in the proximity of the personal computer 10, a message "PAGE UNAVAILABLE" is displayed and the user is prompted to enter a new page selection in function block 100 before control returns to decision block 84. On the other hand, if a transmission is received from the personal computer 10 within the timeout period, then control returns to function block 80.

When the transmission is received from the personal computer 10 and the transmission decoded and read into RAM 46, a test is made in decision block 81 to determine if the transmitted data was an end panel display command, indicating that there

pook 30 away from the proximity of the personal that the user can load the RAM 46 and take the CD to decision block 84. Thus, it will be appreciated displayed in function block 108 before control goes the first page of the data in the RAM 46 and the page flag is detected in decision block 74, book 30 is again opened and power fully restored data once again. Now, when the cover 32 of the CD the RAM 46 until the user desires to access the function block 106, thereby maintaining the data in to the RAM 46 when the cover 32 is closed in supply is conditioned to maintain quiescent power selects to save the data in the RAM 46, the power function block 104. On the other hand, if the user when the cover 32 of the CD book 30 is closed in is conditioned to turn off the power to the RAM 46 the data is not to be saved, then the power supply selection is determined in decision block 102. The user's currently in RAM 46 is to be saved. The user is then prompted to indicate if the data This is detected in decision block 82.

On this time through the loop, a test made in decision block 85 is positive; that is, there is a page number in the temporary register as indicated by the page flag being set in function block 97. As a result, control goes directly to function block 97.

Assuming now that the user wants to end the

are no more pages in the current selection. If that command is detected, the end panel is displayed and the user is prompted to select another page number or end the session in function block 83 before control returns to decision block 84. If the end panel command is not received, the process continues as before.

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computer 10 for later access of the data.

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The description has concentrated on a single CD book interacting with a personal computer, but as mentioned earlier, it is possible for a plurality of CD books to interact with a single personal computer as in a presentation or education type of environment. In this case, each CD book is identified by a unique code number, and this code number is transmitted as a prefix to transmission to the personal computer. personal computer, in turn, temporarily stores the code number and formats its transmission with the code number as a prefix. In this way, transmission requests from the CD books and the responding transmissions to the CD books are identified and properly directed. Depending on the number of CD books, a multitasking/multiuser operating system may be employed on the personal computer in order to efficiently manage the transmissions between the personal computer and the several CD books being supported at one time.

It bears repeating that the invention can be practiced with any mass storage device and is not limited to CD technology. Thus, while the invention has been described in terms of a single preferred embodiment which contemplates both single and multiple user applications, those skilled in the art will recognize that the invention can be practiced with modification within the spirit and scope of the appended claims.

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CLAIMS

Patent is as follows: claim as novel and desire to secure by Letters мрас Having thus described my invention,

ττ device, said user interface device comprising: OT and decoding commands from said user interface 6 for encoding and transmitting data to and receiving 8 being connected to first wireless transceiver means mass storage media means and said computer means 9 computer means programmed to access data from said S said mass storage media means being connected to đ provides a user with the look and feel of a book, ε accessing data from mass storage media means which 7 An interactive user interface device for τ

a book-shaped housing having mounted thereon

permeen qiabjayed pages; messages, key means for paging back and forth display screen means for displaying page data and

and transmitting commands to said first wireless first wireless transceiver means and for encoding receiving and decoding data transmitted by said means transceiver second wireless

plurality of page data; and memory means within said housing for storing a

wireless transceiver means in said memory means and storing data received and decoded by said second said microprocessor means being programmed for means and said second wireless transceiver means, connected to said display screen means, said key microprocessor means within said housing and

to be displayed by said display screen means and responsive to said key means for causing page data

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transceiver means;

- 30 for causing said second wireless tranceiver means
- 31 to tranmit a data request command to said first
- 32 wireless tranceiver means.
- 1 2. The user interface device as recited in claim 1
- 2 wherein said mass storage media means employs an
- 3 optical storage media.
- 1 3. The user interface device as recited in claim 2
- 2 wherein said mass storage media means is a compact
- 3 disk read only memory.
- 1 4. The user interface device as recited in claim 1
- 2 wherein in said key means is further operable for
- 3 , entering a page number of a page to be displayed.
- 1 5. The user interface device as recited in claim 4
- wherein said key means comprises a keypad for
- 3 entering page numbers and tactile pad switch means
- 4 for paging back and forth between displayed pages.
- 1 6. The user interface device as recited in claim 4
- 2 wherein said display screen means is a touch screen
- 3 allowing user input by touching the screen and said
- 4 key means comprises programmed areas on said screen
- 5 which allow a user to input choices or selections
- 6 by touching the screen.
- 1 7. The user interface device as recited in claim 1
- 2 further comprising power means for supplying
- 3 electrical power and switch means for connecting
- 4 said power means to said display screen means, said
- 5 second wireless transceiver means, said memory
- 6 means and said microprocessor means.

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2 Wherein said book-shaped housing includes a movable cover which may be opened to reveal said display screen means, said switch means being responsive to said cover being opened or closed.

2 9. The user interface device as recited in claim 7 wherein said switch means is orientation sensitive 3 and operable when said interface device is in a vertical position, as when placed on a shelf, to disconnect said power means.

wireless transceiver means. SI later access out of the range of said first DT mode of operation being used to store data for ET means and said microprocessor means, said second TS said second wireless transceiver means, said memory TT is disconnected from said display screen means, Oτ third mode of operation in which said power means 6 means for maintaining data stored therein, and a which said power means is connected to said memory L microprocessor means, a second mode of operation in 9 transceiver means, said memory means and said S said display screen means, said second wireless operation in which said power means is connected to 7 wherein said switch means has a first mode of The user interface device as recited in claim τ

1 11. A user interactive mass storage data access

2 system comprising:

3 mass storage media means for storing data;

4 computer means connected to said mass storage

computer means connected to said mass storage media means and programmed to access said data;

Eirst wireless transceiver means connected to

said computer means for encoding and transmitting

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8 and receiving data;

a book-shaped housing having mounted thereon a display screen means for displaying page data and messages and key means for paging back and forth between displayed pages;

second wireless transceiver means for receiving and decoding data transmitted by said first wireless transceiver means and for encoding and transmitting commands to said first wireless transceiver means;

memory means within said housing for storing a plurality of page data; and

microprocessor means within said housing and connected to said display screen means, said key means and said second wireless transceiver means, said microprocessor being programmed for storing data received and decoded by said second wireless transceiver means in said memory means and responsive to said key means for causing page data to be displayed by said display screen and for causing said second wireless transceiver means to transmit a data request command to said first wireless transceiver means.

- 1 12. The user interactive mass storage data access system recited in claim 11 wherein said mass storage means is a compact disk read only memory device.
- 1 13. The user interactive mass storage data access
 2 system recited in claim 11 wherein said display
 3 means is a touch screen allowing user input by
 4 touching the screen and said key means comprises
 5 programmed areas on said screen means which allow a
 6 user to input choices or selections by touching the

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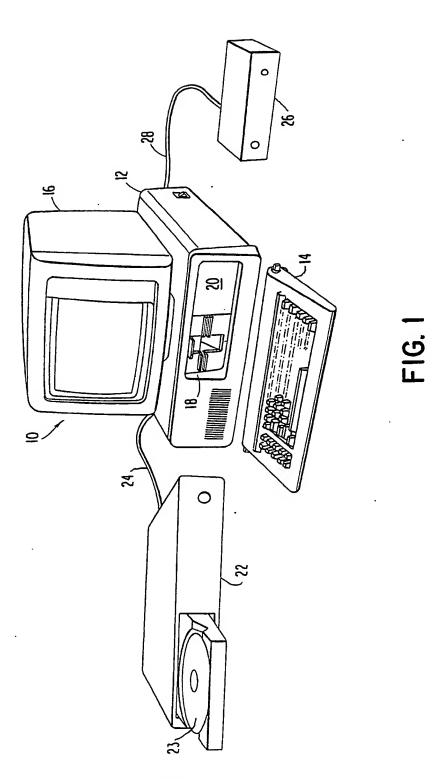
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7 screen.

τ peing opened or closed. II said switch means being responsive to said cover στ may be opened to reveal said display screen means, 6 .pook-shaped housing includes a movable cover which 8 memory means and said microprocessor means, said L means, said second wireless transceiver means, said 9 connecting said power means to said display screen supplying electrical power and switch means for power means in said book-shaped housing for ε system as recited in claim 11 further comprising 7 The user interactive mass storage data access

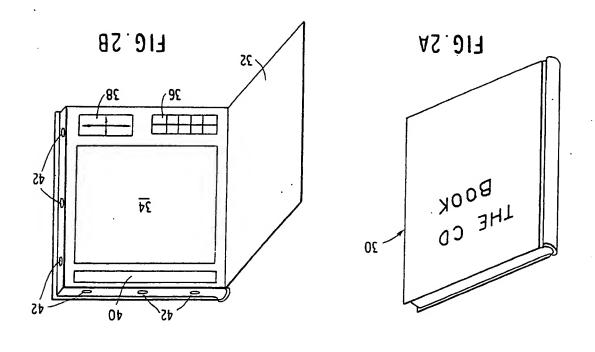
off in said third mode of operation. wireless transceiver means, and power being turned ττ later access out of the range of said first OΤ of operation to maintain data stored therein for 6 supplied to said memory means in said second mode 8 means in said first mode of operation, power being 4 means, said memory means and said microprocessor 9 screen means, said second wireless transciever ς operation, power being supplied to said display means has first, second and third modes of ε system recited in claim 14 wherein said switch 7 The user interactive mass storage data access

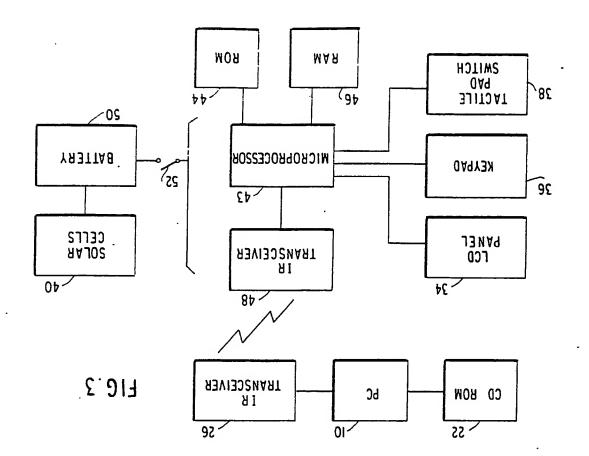
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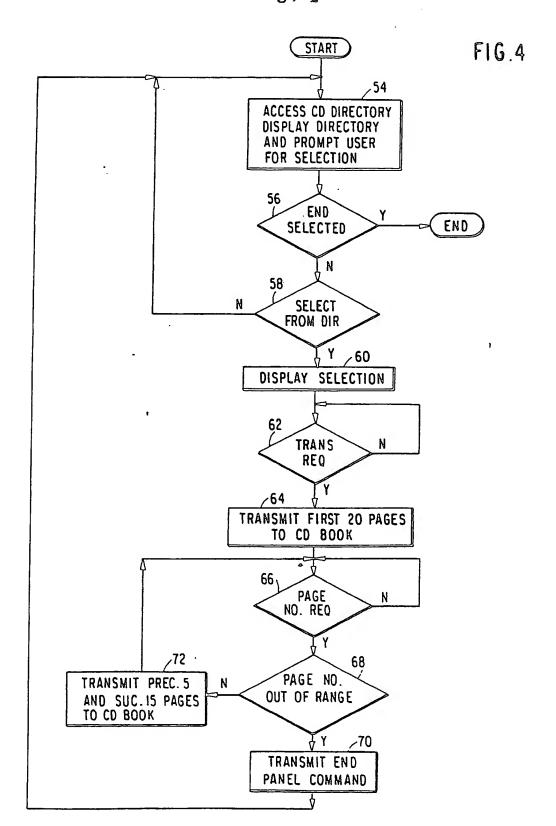
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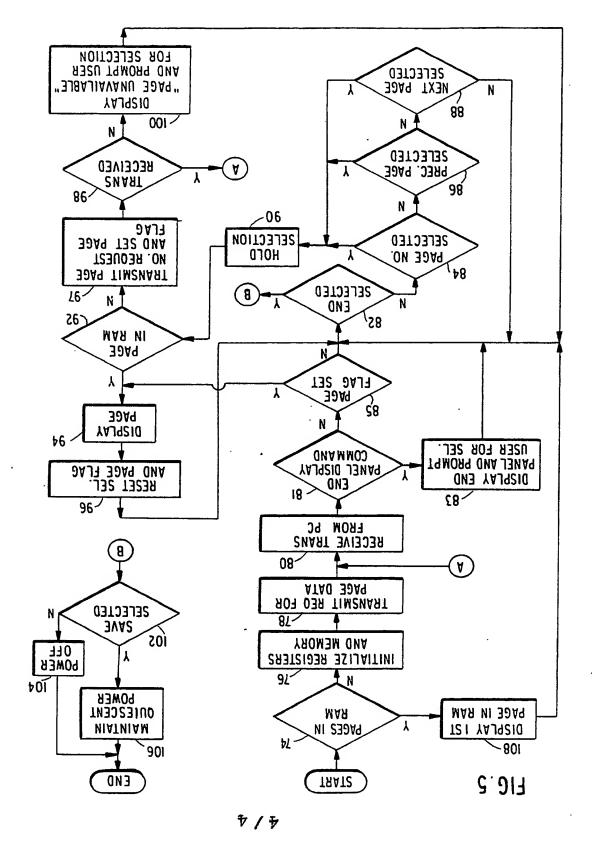
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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No. PCT/US88/03994

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I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (if several classification symbols apply, indicate all) 6									
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC									
IPC(4): G09G 1/16									
U.S. CL. 340/706									
II. FIELDS SEARCHED									
Minimum Documer									
Classification System -	Classification Symbols								
U.S. 340/706, 802; 341/23; 40/434/178, 308, 317	/365								
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched ⁸									
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT 9		Relevant to Claim No. 13							
Category Citation of Document, 11 with indication, where app	propriate, of the relevant passages 12	Relevant to Claim No.							
A US, A, 4,159,417 (Rubincam) 26 5 entire document.	June 1979, See the	1-15							
A US, A, 4,002,355 (Sendor) ll Jar entire document.	nuary 1977, See the	1-15							
A GB, A, 1,484,250 (Unitam) 01 Sepentire document.	ptember 1977, See the	1–15							
A US, A, 4,337,480 (Bourassin et a the entire document.	, 4,337,480 (Bourassin et al.) 29 June 1982, See ntire document.								
· A US, A, 4,656,469 (Oliver et al.)	US, A, 4,656,469 (Oliver et al.) 07 April 1987.								
·									
Special categories of cited documents: 10 "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means "P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed IV. CERTIFICATION Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search 19 January 1989 International Searching Authority	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. "4" document member of the same patent family Date of Mailing of this international Search Report								
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